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IEEE CNF

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[Abstract]

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	<u>319</u>	BELOW-GROUND MECHANICAL MOITON CONVERTING MEANS RELATIVEL
	220	MOVING PLURAL CUTTING EDGES
	<u>320</u>	WITH TOOL SHAFT DETAIL
	321	. Axially telescoping shaft section
	<u>322</u>	Telescoping motion related to relative axial rotation or oscillation
	<u>323 </u>	. Helix or helically arranged structure
	<u>324 </u>	. Means other than tool structure to induce fluent flow
	<u>325.1</u>	. Shaft carried guide or protector
	325.2	Coupled between shaft sections or bit and shaft section
	<u> </u>	Coupled between shart sections of bit and shart section
	<u>325.3</u>	With bore wall engaging means rotatable relative to shaft section (e.g., with bearings)
	<u>325.4</u>	Having removable inserts
	<u>325.5</u>	Surrounding existing shaft section
	325.6	Held by a fastener parallel to shaft axis
•	325.7	Held by discrete fastening means tangential to shaft axis
	326	Engaging means advances in adjacent hole
•	327	BIT OR BIT ELEMENT
	(331)	. Rolling cutter bit or rolling cutter bit element
	331 332	Core forming-type bit
	333	With core-breaking means
	334	Bit with leading cutter forming smaller diameter initial bore
	335	Leading fixed cutter
	336	Rolling cutter bit with fixed cutter
	337	With drilling fluid supply to bearing
	338	With rotary or endless carrier
	339	With drilling fluid conduit details
	340	Fluid conduit lining or element (e.g., slush tube or nozzle)
	341	Plural rolling cutters with intermeshing teeth
	342	Adjustable cutter element
	343	Wobbling cutter
	344	Noncutting portion forwardly of rolling cutter (e.g., reamer)
	345	Longitudinal axis cutter
	346	Separable support for cutter axle
	347	Removable axle or bushing
	348	Longitudinal axis cutter
	349	With transverse axis cutter
	350	Laterally offset cutter axis
	351	Disk blade
	352	Plural coaxial cutters
	353	Cone or frustum rolling cutter
	354	Axle rotatable with cutter
	355	Circumferentially displaced cutter axes
	356	Stub axle only
	357	Detachable multiaxis support or spider
	358	Mutually contacting cutter supports
	<u>359</u>	With bearing or seal details
	360	Cross axle with stub axle
	<u>361</u>	Cross axle
	<u>362</u>	Vertically disaligned cross axle sections
	<u>363</u>	Separable supports
	364	Pomovable cross axis or husbing

365 366 367 368	 Outwardly directed stub axle Separable support for stub axle Detachable stub axle, bushing or bearing Releasable cutter securing device
<u>369</u>	Stub axle cutter securing means
<u>370</u>	Released by antifriction bearing disassembly
<u>371 </u>	With bearing or seal details
· <u>372</u>	Antifriction type
<u>373 </u>	Disk cutter
<u>374 </u>	Specific or diverse material
375	Welded
376	Nonsymmetrical bit (e.g., nontracking)
377	Spiral rib or tooth row
<u>378</u>	Irregular tooth cutter row
<u>379</u>	. Cutting edge self-renewable during operation
<u>380</u>	. Unsupported abrading particle type (e.g., shot)
<u>381</u>	. Cutting edges relatively longitudinally movable during operation
<u>382</u>	. Adjustable cutter element
. 383	Adjustment presents different cutting edge
384	Radially adjustable
<u>385</u>	. Bit with leading portion (e.g., pilot) forming smaller diameter initial bore
<u>, 386</u>	Leading portion is separable starter
. <u>387</u>	Leading portion is core forming type
<u>388</u>	Leading portion is a screw
389	Impact type
<u>390</u>	Plural larger diameter steps
<u>391</u>	Plural larger diameter steps
<u>392</u>	Leading portion is forked rotary type
<u>393</u>	. With fluid conduit lining or element (e.g., slush tube)
<u>394</u>	. With helical-conveying portion
<u>395</u>	Impact type
<u>396</u>	. Axially parallel side wall with transverse cuttings retaining portion
<u>397</u>	. Forked rotary nontracking
<u>398</u>	. Nonsymmetrical bit
<u>399</u>	With bore wall engaging guide
<u>400</u>	 Nonsymmetrical arrangement of opening for cuttings or fluid Cutting edges facing in opposite axial directions
<u>401</u>	
<u>402</u> 403	. Casing shoe type . Core forming type
403 404	With core-breaking means
<u>404</u> 405	Impact or percussion type
405.1	Includes diamond
403.1	Includes diamond
<u>406</u>	. Noncutting portion forwardly of cutting portion (e.g., reamer)
407	Impact type
407 408	. With bit guide or bore wall compacting device
412	. Plural separable cutter elements
413	Independently attachable
414	. Impact or percussion type
415 415	Combined with rotary
416	Noncircular bore cutter
417	With internal-fluid passage
418	Plural openings
419	Cruciform
420	Cruciform
· 420.1	Insert

<u>420.2</u>	Includes diamond
<u>421</u>	. Symmetrical forked rotary type (e.g., fishtail)
<u>328</u>	. Magnetized or with magnet
<u>328</u> <u>425</u>	. Specific or diverse material
426	Insert
<u>427</u>	For a mine roof drill bit type
<u>428</u>	Preformed cutting element (e.g., compact) mounted on a distinct support (e.g.,
	blank, stud, shank)
429	Including a nozzle
<u>430</u>	Having a noncircular or nonplanar cutting face
<u>431</u>	Having a particular orientation or location
<u>432</u>	With support detail
<u>433 </u>	Having a specified thermal property
<u>434 </u>	Diamond
435	Welded, brazed, or soldered
424	MISCELLANEOUS (E.G., EARTH-BORING NOZZLE)
423	WEDGING SLIP ASSEMBLY FOR SUPPORTING A PIPE OR ROD

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BORING OR PENETRATING THE EARTH Class 175

	Click here to vie	ew a PDF version of this file
	<u>1</u> _	WITH SEISMIC SHOCK GENERATING
	1. 2. 3. 3.5 4. 4.5	BORING WITH EXPLOSION IN INACCESSIBLE HOLE
	<u>3</u>	. Severing formed core by explosion
	<u>3.5</u>	. Explosive charge carried by projectile
	4	. Driving core receiver by explosion or with receptacle collecting material in bore
	<u>4.5</u>	. Directing successive projectiles or charges in same path
	4.51	. With position orienting or indicating
	. <u>4.52</u>	. With wall engaging packer or anchor
	<u>4.53</u>	. Firing chamber movable in bore relative to carrier or another firing chamber
	4.54 4.55	. With bore condition firing control, or compensating means . Independent firing of plural charges
•	4.55 4.56	. Firing control mechanically actuated in bore
	<u>4.56</u> <u>4.57</u>	. Projectile forms bore
	4.58 4.58	With means to initially restrain projectile for pressure build-up
	4.59	With means to prevent preliminary bore fluid contact
		. Concave-shaped charge
	4.6 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	BORING A SUBMERGED FORMATION
	6	. Boring with underwater tool drive prime mover
	<u> </u>	. Boring from floating support with submerged independent anchored guide base
	<u>8</u>	. Boring from submerged buoyant support
	<u>9</u>	. Boring from nonbuoyant support
	<u>10</u>	. Boring with submersible vertically movable guide
	<u>11</u>	BORING BY DIRECTLY APPLYING HEAT TO FLUIDIZE OR COMMINUTE
	<u>12</u>	. Combustion of the formation material
	<u>13</u>	. With introduction of slag forming flux
	14	. Combustion is confined chamber having restricted discharge orifice
	15 16	. Rotating the heating tool
	16 17	. Electrically produced heat WITH HEATING OR COOLING (1) WITHIN THE BORE, OR (2) DRILLING
	17	FLUID
	<u>18</u>	ICE BORING
	<u>19</u>	BORING WITHOUT EARTH REMOVAL (I.E., COMPACTING EARTH FORMATION)
	20	. Combined with earth removal (e.g., removing sample)
	<u>21</u>	. Fluid passage to exterior of drive point
	20 21 22 23	. Drive point detached from shaft to form cased bore or with installation of casing
	<u>23</u>	Drive point retracted through shaft or casing
	<u>24</u>	AUTOMATIC CONTROL
	<u>25</u>	. Of fluid pressure below ground
	<u>26</u>	. Of boring means including a below-ground drive prime mover
	<u>27</u>	. Of advance or applied tool weight
	<u>38</u>	. In response to drilling fluid circulation
	<u>39</u>	WITH BIT WEAR SIGNAL GENERATING
	<u>40</u>	WITH SIGNALING, INDICATING, TESTING OR MEASURING
	<u>41</u> 42	. Ray energy detection or measuring . Indicating agent released in drilling fluid
	<u>42</u> 44	. Providing identifiable indication of core position in situ for core sample orientation
	<u></u>	Troviality identifiable maleation of core position in situ for core sample offentation

<u>45</u> 46 48	 Tool position direction or inclination measuring or indicating within the bore Signaling or indicating condition of cutting in cuttings retainer Measuring or indicating drilling fluid (1) pressure, or (2) rate of flow
<u>49</u>	. Transparent inspection feature
50	Indicating, testing or measuring a condition of the formation
<u>51</u>	WITH SELF-ACTING CYCLIC ADVANCE AND RETRACTION OF TOOL OR TOOL SHAFT
<u>52</u>	WITH MAGAZINE FOR SUCCESSIVELY MOVING UNCONNECTED, ORIENTED TOOL OR SHAFT SECTIONS TO USE POSITION
<u>53</u>	ENLARGEMENT OF EXISTING PILOT THROUGHBORE REQUIRING ACCESSIBILITY TO EXISTING OPPOSITE BORE ENDS TO INSERT AND REMOVE TOOL
<u>54</u>	BORING BY BELOW GROUND RECIRCULATION OF UNSUPPORTED ELEMENTS (E.G., SHOT)
<u>55</u>	TOOL ACTUATION BY REACTION OF ROTATING ECCENTRIC MASS
56	NATURAL VIBRATION CHARACTERISTIC OF AN ELEMENT OF BORING MEANS
	RELATED (1) TO NATURAL VIBRATION CHARACTERISTIC OF ANOTHER
o	ELEMENT, OR (2) TO FREQUENCY OF AN IMPOSED MOTION
<u>57</u>	PROCESSES
<u>58</u>	. Sampling of earth formations
<u>59</u>	Retaining fluid or taking separate fluid sample
60	Transporting sample to surface by fluid
<u>61</u> 62	. Boring curved or redirected bores . Boring horizontal bores
<u>64</u>	. Chemical reaction with earth formation or drilling fluid constituent
5 7 65	. Boring with specific fluid
<u>66</u>	Treating spent or used fluid above ground
67	Boring by fluid erosion
68	Anti-agglomeration treatment of gaseous drilling fluid
<u>69</u>	Combined liquid and gaseous fluid
<u>70 </u>	Plural distinguishable liquids
<u>71 </u>	Gaseous fluid or under gas pressure
<u>72</u>	Prevention of lost circulation or caving
<u>73</u>	MEANS TRAVELING WITH TOOL TO CONSTRAIN TOOL TO BORE ALONG CURVED PATH
<u>74</u>	. Sectional guide or shaft having means to lock sections in angular relation while boring
<u>75</u>	. Normally curved guide or shaft
<u>76</u> 77	. Axially spaced opposed bore wall engaging guides SIDE WALL TOOL FED LATERALLY WITHOUT ROTATION FROM INACCESSIBLE
	HOLE
<u>78</u>	MEANS CARRIED BY HOUSING INSERTABLE IN INACCESSIBLE HOLE TO
70	ADVANCE SIDE WALL TOOL LATERALLY
<u>79</u>	TOOL SHAFT ADVANCED RELATIVE TO GUIDE INSERTABLE IN INACCESSIBLE HOLE TO CHANGE DIRECTION OF ADVANCE
80	. Tool telescopes over guide having surface set at angle in hole
<u>81</u>	. With anchor for guide engaging hole side wall
<u>82</u>	. Guide carried by shaft to operative position
83	With clutch means acting between shaft and quide
84	WITH ABOVE-GROUND CLEANER FOR BORING MEANS
<u>85</u>	WITH ORIENTING OR RACKING MEANS FOR UNCONNECTED TOOLS OR SECTIONS OF SHAFT OR CASING
<u>86</u>	WITH BELOW-GROUND PERSONAL ACCOMMODATION
<u>87</u>	CONVERTIBLE
<u>88</u>	WITH MEANS CARRYING CUTTINGS LATERALLY OF BORE AXIS COMPRISING
	(1) CHUTE, (2) CONVEYER, OR (3) VEHICLE

89	IOOL ELEMENT OK CONTINUOUSLY DRIVEN FLEXIBLE OK AKTICULATED
00	ENDLESS MEMBER . Flexible or articulated member carried on support swingable or laterally movable
<u>90</u>	
0.1	relative to bore axis BORING MEANS INCLUDING A CONTINUOUSLY ROTATING BIT DESCRIBING
<u>91</u>	
00	A NONCIRCULAR CROSS-SECTIONAL BORE WITH BELOW-GROUND TOOL DRIVE PRIME MOVER
<u>92</u>	
93	. Below-ground (1) generation of motive fluid, or (2) storage of motivating energy
93 94 95 96	. With below-ground feed means
95	. Plural below-ground drive prime movers
96	Plural cutter elements driven by individual prime movers
<u>97</u>	. With means to anchor prime movers support to bore wall
<u>98</u>	Expansible anchor
<u>99</u>	Fluid-operated
<u>100</u>	. Discharge passage for motive fluid directed toward bore entrance
<u>101</u>	. With positive connection between tool and support shaft for rotary below ground
100	motor
<u>102</u>	. With below-ground conveyer or impeller for removal of cuttings
. 103	. With above-ground means
<u>104</u>	. Electric
<u>105</u>	Reciprocating
106	. With mechanical motion-converting means
<u>107</u>	. Fluid rotary type
<u> 108</u>	COMMON DRIVE OR ADVANCING MEANS FOR CONCURRENTLY BORING
	ALONG LATERALLY SPACED AXES
<u>113</u>	WITH MEANS TO SIMULTANEOUSLY FEED AND ROTATE TOOL FROM A SINGLE
	MECHANICAL ELEMENT
<u>114 </u>	. Constant rotation rate permitted regardless of (1) release of feed force, or (2)
	change in feed rate
<u>118</u>	. With feed anchor in earth wall being bored
<u>121</u>	. Rotary drive for relatively advancing feed screw
<u>122</u>	WITH MEANS TO FEED DRIVE
<u>135</u>	WITH ABOVE-GROUND MEANS TO IMPACT AN EARTH-PENETRATING MEANS
<u> 161</u>	WITH ABOVE-GROUND MEANS TO MOVE TOOL TO A DUMPING LOCATION
	OFFSET FROM BORE
<u>162</u>	WITH ABOVE-GROUND MEANS TO FEED TOOL
<u>170</u>	WITH TOOL DRIVE PRIME MOVER OR ABOVE-GROUND MECHANICAL MOTION
4-14	CONVERTING DRIVE MEANS
<u>171</u>	. With installing casing
<u>172</u>	. With endless flexible conveyer
<u>173</u>	. With diversely operated shafts extending into bore
<u>189</u>	. Drive reciprocates tool
<u>195</u>	. Rotary drive for a relatively advancing tool (e.g., rotary table)
<u> 202</u>	ABOVE-GROUND MEANS FOR RELATIVELY MOVING BELOW-GROUND TOOL
	ELEMENTS
<u>203</u>	WITH ABOVE-GROUND MEANS TO ADVANCE OR RETRACT BORING MEANS
<u> 205</u>	WITH MEANS PROVIDING PRESSURIZED GAS CONTACT WITH DRILLING
	LIQUID
<u>206</u>	WITH ABOVE-GROUND MEANS FOR PREPARING OR SEPARATING DRILLING
	FLUID CONSTITUENTS
<u>207</u>	WITH ABOVE-GROUND MEANS FOR HANDLING DRILLING FLUID OR CUTTING
<u>208</u>	. Fluid spray
<u>209</u>	. Fluid or cuttings directing or receiving means engaging bore entrance
<u>210</u>	Anchored to bore wall
<u>211</u>	Axially supported by tool shaft
<u>212</u>	. Pressurized gas supply
213	. With suction pump inlet communicating with bore bottom

<u>214 </u>	. Fluid head on tool shaft having lateral port and axial passage with seal for means
	reciprocable in the head
<u>215</u>	. With tool shaft having plural passages for drilling fluid
<u>216</u>	. Standpipe
217_	. With pump
218	. With valve
<u>219</u>	WITH PARTICULAR ACCOMMODATION FOR PERSONNEL (E.G., SEAT OR
<u> </u>	PROTECTOR)
220	WITH ABOVE-GROUND GUIDE FOR RELATIVELY ADVANCING TOOL
<u>220</u>	
<u>226</u>	WITH SAMPLE COVERING OR COATING MEANS (1) DISPENSED INTO SAMPLE
	RECEIVER, OR (2) FLUENT
<u> 227 </u>	WITH STORAGE MEANS FOR BIT LUBRICANT CARRIED BY BIT OR SHAFT
<u>228 </u>	. With fluid pressure-actuated feed means
<u>229</u>	. Rotation of bit actuates lubricant feed means
230	WITH EXPANSIBLE BORE WALL ANCHOR (E.G., PACKER)
231	WITH MEANS MOVABLE RELATIVE TO TOOL BELOW GROUND TO CONTROL
	ECCENTRIC FLUID EMISSION
232	WITH MEANS MOVABLE RELATIVE TO TOOL BELOW GROUND TO STOP FLOW
<u> </u>	TOWARD BORE BOTTOM
· <u>233</u>	. Movable to seal sample receiver at bore bottom pressure
<u>234</u>	. With longitudinally spaced valve seats
<u>235</u>	Seat engaged to stop upward flow
<u>236</u>	. In sample receiver removable through below-ground tool shaft
<u>237 </u>	. Means comprises dropped element
<u>238</u>	. Flow-stopping means includes relatively movable cutter element
<u>239 </u>	. With undisturbed core receiver
<u>240</u>	Movable means adapted to underlie severed core
<u>241 </u>	. Stops flow by movement about fixed pivot
242	Pivot transverse to tool axis
243	. Resiliently biased or composed of flexible material
244	WITH MEANS MOVABLE RELATIVE TO TOOL TO RECEIVE, RETAIN, OR SEVER
	UNDISTURBED CORE
245	. Core bit closure relative upwardly movable by core
245 246	. Receiver removable through below-ground tool shaft
	With fluid pressure-responsive means to remove receiver or operate latch
<u>247</u>	
<u>248</u>	Core forming cutting edge or element on receiver
<u>249</u>	. Core-retaining or severing means
<u>250</u>	Fluid-actuated
<u>251 </u>	Actuated upon relative movement between tool and tool shaft
<u>252</u>	Relative rotary movement
<u>253 </u>	With element holding retaining or severing means inactive
<u> 254</u>	Mounted on transverse pivot
<u> 255</u>	Sliding wedge type (e.g., slips)
256	WITH RELEASABLE MEANS NORMALLY HOLDING JOINTED SHAFT SECTIONS
·	IN ANGULAR RELATION
<u> 257</u>	TOOL REMOVABLE OR INSERTABLE THROUGH OR AROUND DRIVING OR
	DRIVEN SHAFT OR CASING
258	. Laterally shiftable cutter element movable through shaft
<u>259</u>	Plural cutter elements longitudinally relatively movable into transverse alignment
<u>260</u>	Cutter element engages torque transmitting abutment on shaft when expanded
<u>261</u>	With additional torque transmitting abutment on bit head and shaft
<u> 262</u>	. Tool movable exteriorly of shaft
<u> 263 </u>	CUTTER ELEMENT LATERALLY SHIFTABLE BELOW GROUND (E.G.,
	EXPANSIBLE)
<u> 264</u>	. With separable means holding tool collapsed above ground only
<u> 265</u>	. Plural cutter elements longitudinally relative movable into transverse alignment

	2/1	. With latch operated by fluid pressure or dropped element
	<u> 267 </u>	. Cutter element shifted by fluid pressure
	<u> 268</u>	With dropped element
	269	Fluid pressure acts against spring biased part
	270	. Cutter element shifted by dropped element
	272	. Cutter element shifted by relatively longitudinally movable threaded elements
	272 273	. Cutter element shifted by cam or gear axially rotatable relative to shaft
		. With shifting mechanism spring biased to operative position
	<u>274</u>	· · · · · ·
	<u>275</u>	With separate latch
	<u>276</u>	Frangible or discardable element
	<u>277 </u>	Latch holds mechanism retracted
	<u>278 </u>	Latch return shifting mechanism to inoperative position
	<u>279 </u>	Cam or gear means movable to shift cutter element
	280	With forwardly extending noncutting portion
	281	Cutter element substantially longitudinally movable on shaft
	282	Plural elements expanded into single socket
	283	With forwardly extending noncutting portion
	284	. Cutter element shifted by longitudinally relatively movable parts
	285	Toggle or linkage between movable parts
•		Cam or gear engaging cutter element
	<u>286</u>	
	<u>287</u>	With separate latch holding cutter element in shifted position
	<u>288</u>	Cutter element substantially longitudinally movable on shaft
	289	Cutter element spring biased to retracted position
	<u> 290</u>	. With latch
	<u> 291</u>	. Spring biased
	<u> 292</u>	. Pivoted about substantially longitudinal axis
	<u> 293 </u>	BELOW-GROUND (1) HAMMER, OR (2) IMPACT MEMBERS
	<u> 294 </u>	. Combined with safety joint
	<u> 295</u>	. With noncutting portion forwardly of sleeve impact member having a cutting portion
		(e.g., reamer)
	296	. Fluid-operated
	297	Restricted orifice for initially delaying escape of restraining fluid
	298	. Continuous unidirectional rotary motion of one telescoping member effects
	250	consecutive impacts
	299	. Resiliently biased
	300	•
	<u> 300</u>	. With releasable means to detachably retain telescoping members against axial reciprocation
	201	·
	<u>301</u>	Frangible
	<u>302</u>	Condition for release adjustable
	303	Adjustable below ground
	<u>304</u>	Resiliently biased latch
	<u>305</u>	. Telescoping members relatively rotatable
	<u>306</u>	With means to couple members to prevent relative rotation
	<u>307</u>	WITH CUTTING EDGE COVER
	<u>308</u>	WITH RECEPTACLE
	<u>309</u>	. Removable or insertable through below-ground tool shaft
	310	. With helical conveyer
	311_	. Suspended below bit
	312	. Sieve or strainer
	313	WITH MECHANICAL CLEANER FOR BIT OR CUTTER ELEMENT
	314	WITH WELL-TYPE SCREEN
	315	COMBINED
	<u>316</u>	WITH RELATIVELY MOVABLE PARTS TO FACILITATE CLEANING WITHOUT
		DISASSEMBLY
	317	WITH MEANS MOVABLE RELATIVE TO TOOL OR SHAFT TO CONTROL
		BELOW-GROUND PASSAGE
	318	Valve prevents unward flow